



Regional Training Course on Implementation of Dosimetry Codes of Practice for Absorbed Dose Determination in External Beams (TRS-398 Rev.1) and Brachytherapy (TRS-492)

Hosted by

The International Atomic Energy Agency
IAEA Headquarters
Seibersdorf, Austria

9 to 13 November 2026

Ref. No.: TN-RER6046-2600235

Information Sheet

Purpose

The event will provide the participants with theoretical and practical information on the Implementation of dosimetry codes of practice for absorbed dose determination in external beams (TRS-398 Rev.1) and Brachytherapy (TRS-492).

Working Language(s)

The working language(s) of the event will be English.

Deadline for Nominations

Nominations received after 21 August 2026 will not be considered.

Project Background

Dosimetry is fundamental for all radiotherapy including brachytherapy treatment procedures and it has been recognised that harmonising dosimetry internationally is essential. The IAEA has been key in writing international codes of practice for dosimetry, working with various professional societies, to drive the harmonisation of the dosimetry practices. These were mainly published as a technical report series (TRS) and in some instances, as Technical Documents (TECDOC).

In December 2023 the IAEA published TRS-492, dosimetry in brachytherapy- An international code of practice for Secondary Standards Dosimetry Laboratories (SSDL) and hospitals. This is the first code of practice as the IAEA had previously published an IAEA-TECDOC-1274 Guidelines on standardized procedures at Secondary Standards Dosimetry Laboratories (SSDLs) and hospitals. This code of practice is addressed to both SSDLs and hospitals and is based on the use of well-type re-entrant ionization chambers. It applies to all brachytherapy sources with intensities measurable by these detectors. The dosimetry formalism; common procedures for reference dosimetry and for calibration; reference-class instrument assessment; and commissioning of the well-type chamber system are described.

On 01 March 2024 the IAEA published TRS-398, Absorbed Dose Determination in External Beam Radiotherapy, An International Code of Practice for Dosimetry Based on Standards of Absorbed Dose to Water. This is a revision of the previous publication from the year 2000. This publication addresses the need for a systematic and internationally unified approach to the calibration of ionization chambers in terms of absorbed dose to water and to the use of these detectors in the determination of absorbed dose to water for the radiation beams used in radiotherapy — namely low, medium, and high energy photon beams, electron beams, proton beams and heavier ion beams. It is addressed to users provided with calibrations in terms of absorbed dose to water traceable to a primary standards dosimetry laboratory. The SSDL's also implement the formalism and code of practice discussed in this publication.

As most member states rely on these IAEA guidance documents for their dosimetry implementation it is crucial to roll out training for their implementation.

Expected Outputs

The expected output of the training is for participants to gain an understanding on:

- how to establish and disseminate calibration quantity for absorbed dose to water;
- how to establish and disseminate calibration quantity for brachytherapy;
- how to use the calibration provided by the calibration laboratory to perform their dosimetry measurements in the hospitals for brachytherapy applications;
- how to use the calibration provided by the calibration laboratory to determine absorbed dose in external beams;
- the international measurement system supporting the traceability of measurements for ionising radiation.

Scope and Nature

The event will provide the participants with theoretical and practical information on the Implementation of dosimetry codes of practice for absorbed dose determination in external beams (TRS-398 Rev.1) and Brachytherapy (TRS-492). The expected output of the training is for participants to gain an understanding on: how to establish and disseminate calibration quantity for absorbed dose to water; how to establish and disseminate calibration quantity for brachytherapy; how to use the calibration provided by the calibration laboratory to perform their dosimetry measurements in the hospitals for brachytherapy applications; how to use the calibration provided by the calibration laboratory to determine absorbed dose in external beams; the international measurement system supporting the traceability of measurements for ionising radiation.

Participation

The regional meeting is open to applicants from countries participating in the IAEA Technical Cooperation project RER6046 “Strengthening Ionizing Radiation Metrology in Europe and Central Asia”.

Each country is invited to nominate up to two participants (radiation metrologists or alternatively medical physicists) that match the profile described in the paragraph below, indicating the order of priority. However, the IAEA reserves the right to finally decide the number of participants.

Participants' Qualifications and Experience

Metrologists: The training is intended for early- and mid-career scientists working as radiation metrologists in a Secondary Standards Dosimetry Laboratory (SSDL) with a background in radiation dosimetry. The candidates should be involved in performing calibrations for radiation therapy level (orthovoltage X ray and/or Co-60) and/or brachytherapy (reference air kerma rate), and the national code of practice is IAEA-TRS398.

Medical Physicists: If a country does not have radiation therapy calibration capability, one medical physicist may be nominated instead. This candidate should be a qualified medical physicist working in a hospital and be actively involved in patient treatments using high-dose-rate brachytherapy and/or linear accelerators.

Prerequisite for all applicants: Applicants must hold a proof of completion of the IAEA e-learning on Uncertainty estimation for radiation measurement in SSDLs and hospitals available at: [E-Learning Courses – | IAEA](#) (or other relevant e-learning course).

Regulatory Staff: Regulatory staff will not be accepted.

Occupational Exposure to Radiation

This event may involve occupational exposure to radiation. Therefore, candidates are required to duly complete and return the Occupational Exposure History (OEH) form upon applying for the event. The IAEA will provide selected participants in due course with a dosimeter to monitor their occupational exposure during this event.

Application Procedure

Candidates wishing to apply for this event should follow the steps below:

1. Access the InTouch+ home page (<https://intouchplus.iaea.org>) using the candidate's existing Nucleus username and password. If the candidate is not a registered Nucleus user, she/he must create a Nucleus account (<https://websso.iaea.org/IM/UserRegistrationPage.aspx>) before proceeding with the event application process below.
2. On the InTouch + platform, the candidate must:
 - a. Finalize or update her/his personal details, provide sufficient information to establish the required qualifications regarding education, language skills and work experience ('Profile' tab) and upload relevant supporting documents;
 - b. Download and complete the [Designation of Beneficiary and Emergency Contact Form](#), and upload to InTouch+ ('Profile' tab under the personal section) specifying the document name. If already provided, kindly discard this step; and
 - c. Search for the relevant technical cooperation event (EVT2600235) under the 'My Eligible Events' tab, answer the mandatory questions and lastly submit the application to the required authority.

NOTE: Completed applications need to be approved by the relevant national authority, i.e. the National Liaison Office, and submitted to the IAEA through the established official channels by the provided designation deadline.

For additional support on how to apply for an event, please refer to the [InTouch+ Help page](#). Any issues or queries related to InTouch+ can be addressed to InTouchPlus.Contact-Point@iaea.org.

Should online application submission not be possible, candidates may download the nomination form for the training course from the [IAEA website](#).

NOTE: A medical certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner dated not more than four months prior to starting date of the event must be submitted by candidates when applying for a) events with a duration exceeding one month, and/or b) all candidates over the age of 65 regardless of the event duration.

Administrative and Financial Arrangements

Nominating authorities will be informed in due course of the names of the candidates who have been selected, and will at that time be informed of the procedure to be followed with regard to administrative and financial matters.

Selected participants will receive an allowance from the IAEA sufficient to cover their costs of lodging, daily subsistence and miscellaneous expenses. They will also receive either a round-trip air ticket based on the most direct and economical route between the airport nearest their residence and the airport nearest the duty station through the IAEA's travel agency AX Travel Management, or a travel allowance, or they will be reimbursed travel by car/bus/train in accordance with IAEA rules for non-staff travel.

Disclaimer of Liability

The organizers of the event do not accept liability for the payment of any cost or compensation that may arise from damage to or loss of personal property, or from illness, injury, disability or death of a participant while he/she is travelling to and from or attending the event, and it is clearly understood that each Government, in approving his/her participation, undertakes responsibility for such coverage. Governments would be well advised to take out insurance against these risks.

Note for female participants

Any woman engaged by the IAEA for work or training should notify the IAEA on becoming aware that she is pregnant.

The Board of Governors of the IAEA approved new International Basic Safety Standards for Protection against Ionizing Radiation and for the Safety of Radiation Sources. The Standards deal specifically with the occupational exposure conditions of female workers by requiring, inter alia, that a female worker should, on becoming aware that she is pregnant, notify her employer in order that her working conditions may be modified, if necessary. This notification shall not be considered a reason to exclude her from work; however, her working conditions, with respect to occupational exposure shall be adapted with a view to ensuring that her embryo or foetus be afforded the same broad level of protection as required for members of the public.

IAEA Contacts

Programme Management Officer (responsible for substantive matters):

Ms Carmina Elizabeth Jimenez Velasco
Division for Europe
Department of Technical Cooperation
International Atomic Energy Agency
Vienna International Centre
PO Box 100
1400 VIENNA
AUSTRIA
Tel.: +43 1 2600 22340
Fax: +43 1 26007
Email: C.Jimenez@iaea.org

Administrative Contact (responsible for administrative matters):

Ms Reka Kaltenbach
Division for Europe
Department of Technical Cooperation
International Atomic Energy Agency
Vienna International Centre
PO Box 100
1400 VIENNA
AUSTRIA
Tel.: +43 1 2600 22419
Fax: +43 1 26007
Email: R.Kaltenbach@iaea.org